

<u>KISH P & I LOSS PREVENTION CIRCULAR KPI-LP-62-2012</u> (Dangers involving Anchoring in Singapore area)

► The (MPA) Maritime and Port Authorities of Singapore has addressed particular problems associated with dangerous anchoring in the Singapore area.

Vessels not anchoring within Singapore port limits are, for commercial reasons, choosing to anchor in outer port limit areas (OPL). The East and West OPL areas used for anchoring are, however, rather narrow spaces situated between the port limits and the traffic separation scheme (TSS) through the Singapore Strait. These areas are becoming very congested, being popular with owners for the purposes of bunkering, taking supplies, change of crew, repairs or just waiting for cargo operations.

Due to the congestion, some anchored vessels are straying into the TSS, and are thus violating the International Regulations for Prevention of Collisions at the Sea (COLREG). The MPA states that vessels in breach of COLREG Rule 10 (g) by anchoring in the TSS are being reported to their respective flag administrations. It appears from the vessels having been reported, that Singapore authorities also seem to report vessels anchored in Precautionary Areas for being in breach of COLREG.

When it comes to bunkering at Singapore, and the tendency to bunker in OPL areas, it should be noted that the risks factors concerning both bunker quality and quantity have been considered higher in OPL areas than from suppliers operating within the much more regulated port limits. There are also two bunker anchorages in the western sector of the Singapore Port, located conveniently close to the TSS, where vessels of 20,000 GT and above, staying less than 24 hours, may take bunkers at reduced port dues. Vessels other than gas tankers and chemical tankers, with a draft of 11.5 meters or less, may also be exempted from compulsory pilotage at these bunkering stations.

The MPA has also pointed to several instances of damage to subsea cables by

incorrect anchoring and has alerted the P&I Clubs to this problem. When a vessel is anchoring too close to charted cables and pipelines, the owners of the cables/pipelines are informed of the vessel's particulars, to enable them to make a claim against the vessel, should any damage occur. OPL is a "loose" term, but the Eastern OPL is considered bound to the north by Johor Port limits and to the south by the westbound TSS. It should be noted that this 5 mile long area is very narrow and there are several submarine cables running the length of it.

The MPA has been in discussion with Malaysian and Indonesian port authorities, in order to reach an agreement for vessels anchoring in the TSS, or damaging subsea cables and pipelines, to be penalised by the State having jurisdiction over the area.

The problem of congestion of vessels off Singapore is not easy to solve, but there is always the possibility of seeking designated anchorages inside Singapore port limits. Vessels should not anchor in the TSS or Precautionary Areas, and care should be taken not to anchor too close to subsea cables and pipelines. Claims for damage caused by anchoring in way of cables and pipelines, or by dragging anchors across such equipment are very costly to the Clubs.

There have been a number of contact damages between ships at anchor in OPL areas during past months, mostly in the East area. For anchoring in congested areas, full alertness is required and anchoring at night should be avoided if possible. In locations such as the congested Singapore OPLs, wind and tidal currents must be considered; an efficient anchor watch should be kept at all times and the engines at the short notice.

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