

# <u>KISH P & I LOSS PREVENTION CIRCULAR KPI-LP-14-2012</u> (Safe Means of Embarkation & Disembarkation from Ships)

The following notes concern SOLAS regulation II- 1/3-9 about the 'Means of embarkation on and disembarkation from ships', which has already entered into force on the 1st January 2010. The regulation refers to the construction, installation, maintenance and testing requirements as detailed in MSC.1/Circ.1331 'Guidelines for Construction, Installation, Maintenance and Inspection / Survey of Means of Embarkation and Disembarkation'.

The importance of the requirements & recommendations should be prominently borne in mind as these specifically deal with the safety of life of whoever has any reason to come on board a vessel. The responsibility of providing a safe means of access is with the ship's command as always.

## **Requirements :**

The legislation is principally concerned with the provisions for means of embarkation and

disembarkation, such as accommodation ladders and gangways, on ships constructed on or after 1st January 2010, the final paragraph of regulation 3- 9 applies to existing as well as new ships.

It states that the means of embarkation and disembarkation shall be inspected and maintained (with reference to MSC.1/Circ.1331) at appropriate intervals (Circ.1331 refers to SOLAS regulation III/20.7.2 which states monthly inspection and maintenance), to ensure they are in a suitable condition for their intended purpose, taking into account any restriction related to safe loading. It is therefore recommended that reasonable periodic inspection and maintenance routines along with suitable checklists be included in the vessel's planned maintenance system.

#### Inspection and Maintenance :

The monthly inspection requirement as detailed in SOLAS regulation III/20.7.2 refers to the instructions for onboard maintenance in regulation III/36. Regulation 36 states that the instructions for onboard maintenance be easily understood, illustrated wherever possible, and as appropriate shall include the following:

# <u>Checklists, maintenance schedules, lubrication instructions, spare parts information and inspection and</u> <u>maintenance records.</u>

Checklists for the inspection and maintenance of accommodation ladders and gangways should include:

- Checking for distortion and cracks.
- Checking for corrosion, particularly where aluminium accommodation ladders or gangways have mild steel fittings.
- All moving parts such as turntables, sheaves, tracks, bearings and rollers should be free to turn and periodically greased with an appropriate grease product.
- Bent stanchions should be replaced and side ropes inspected along their entire length and replaced as necessary.
- The underside of an accommodation ladder or gangway should also be inspected for condition, distortion, cracks and corrosion.



• The structure of supporting points and winch beds should be inspected for distortion, cracks or corrosion.

• Where in use; bulwark ladders should be closely inspected.

• Safety nets should be checked for wear, damage, the effects of actinic degradation (i.e. degradation due to various rays affecting), and for the impregnation of chemicals, grease or paint.

- The condition of the winch brake should be inspected and brake pads replaced as necessary.
- The satisfactory operation of the power supply system.
- The satisfactory operation of the control system.
- The satisfactory operation of various limit switches.

## **Record Keeping :**

It is recommended that records concerning to the inspection and maintenance of accommodation ladders and gangways include the following:

- Details of the dates of inspection / maintenance,
- Details of the work undertaken,
- Name of the person or body undertaking the work,
- Due date for the next inspection and the
- Date of the renewal of the fall wires.

It is also recommended that the date of fall wire renewal is stencilled in the vicinity of the fall wire winch.

#### Fall Wires :

The SOLAS regulation II-1/3-9 states that all wires used to support the means of embarkation and disembarkation shall be maintained as specified in SOLAS regulation III/20.4. Regulation 20.4 refers to the maintenance of falls used in life saving appliances and states that these shall be inspected periodically with special regard to the areas passing through sheaves in line with the requirements of MSC.1/Circ.1206 'Measures to Prevent Accidents with Lifeboats'

It also states that falls should be 'renewed when necessary due to the deterioration of the falls or at intervals of not more than 5 years, whichever is the earlier'.

Circ.1206 states that wires should be periodically inspected to ensure they are in satisfactory condition and checked for corrosion and damage such as kinks, and kept properly greased with a suitable wire rope dressing. It is recommended that as part of the

vessel's Safety Management System a wire discard criterion be specified to ensure that fall wires are replaced before they deteriorate to an unacceptable degree.

Apart from the periodic inspections and maintenance that are required to be conducted in line with the new SOLAS regulations, the accommodation ladder or gangway should be subject to a visual inspection each time it is rigged.

# KPI LOSS PREVENTION TEAM JULY 2012